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| 10/718,777 | 11/21/2003 | Andreas Kyek | PEK-IN-1257 | 1586 |
| 24131 I FRNFR GRF | 7590 09/10/2007 ENBERG STEMER LLP | Andreas Kyek PEK-IN-1257 EXAMINE | INER | |
| P O BOX 2480 HOLLYWOOD, FL 33022-2480 | | | NGUYEN, KIET TUAN | |
| | | | ART ÚNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | 2881 | |
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| | | | 09/10/2007 | PAPER |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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| | | Application No. | Applicant(s) |
| | | 10/718,777 | KYEK, ANDREAS |
| | Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit |
| | | Kiet T. Nguyen | 2881 |
| Period fe | The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply | pears on the cover sheet w | ith the correspondence address |
| WHIO - Exte afte - If No - Fail Any | HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Domensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 or SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNI 36(a). In no event, however, may a will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI a. cause the application to become A | CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). |
| Status | | | |
| 2a)⊠ | Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 A</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E | s action is non-final. nce except for formal mat | |
| Disnosif | tion of Claims | | |
| 5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠ | Claim(s) <u>1-54</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-8,10-12,14-17,19-24,27-39,41-43,4</u> Claim(s) <u>9,13,18,25,26,40,44 and 49</u> is/are ob Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | wn from consideration. 15-48 and 50-54 is/are reje jected to. | ected. |
| Applicat | tion Papers | | |
| 10) | The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine | epted or b) objected to drawing(s) be held in abeyation is required if the drawing | nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). |
| Priority | under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | |
| a) | Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign | ts have been received. Its have been received in A rity documents have beer u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | Application No received in this National Stage |
| | nt(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(| Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date |
| 3) 🔯 Info | rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date <u>5/14/07</u> . | | Informal Patent Application |

It is noted that the notice of allowance issued on 05-18-2007 is now withdrawn because the prior art Seki et al. (6,043,499) has been found and can be applied to at some claims as:

Rejection Under 35 U.S.C. 102(b)

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-6, 12, 27-29, 31-37, 43, 50-52 and 54 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Seki et al. (6,043,499).

Seki et al. (6,043,499) discloses, in figs. 1-7, an ion implantation apparatus. The apparatus includes an ion beam 1; a wafer 2; and a neutralizer 5 for producing secondary electrons, which includes a primary electrode 41 positioned transversely with respect to a propagation direction of the ion beam 1 (see figs. 6-7) for producing primary electrons, an accelerating electrode 31 and an accelerating secondary electrode 42 having an aperture having parallel side surfaces and overlapped surfaces and producing secondary electrons 6a.

Rejection Under 35 U.S.C. 103(a)

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 7-8, 10-11, 14-17, 19-24, 30, 38-39, 41-42, 45-48 and 53 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Seki et al. (6,043,499).

Seki et al. (6,043,499) discloses all the features as discussed above except the direction of the aperture arranged at an angle of between 30 and 70 degrees with respect to a normal of the secondary electrode as recited in claims 7-8 and 38-39; the distance between 2 mm and 6 mm being between the side walls of the aperture as recited in claims 10-11 and 41-42; the secondary electrode made of aluminum, an aluminum alloy, AL 99, AL 99.9, an even purer aluminum, graphite, at least 60% by mass of graphite or aluminum oxide as recited in claims 14-17, 23-24 and 45-48; the acceleration electrode having at least 100, 500 or 1000 openings as recited in claims 19-24; and the primary electrode arranged parallel to a propagation direction of the ion beam as recited in claims 30 and 53.

Arranging the direction of the aperture at an angle of between 30 and 70 degrees with respect to a normal of the secondary electrode and the distance between 2 mm and 6 mm being between the side walls of the aperture are considered to be obvious variation in design, since directing an electron beam and the dimension of the electron beam are consisting of many means for treating an element, thus would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to arrange the direction of the aperture at an angle of between 30 and 70 degrees with respect to a normal of the secondary electrode and the distance between 2 mm and 6 mm being between the side walls of the aperture in the Seki et al. (6,043,499) apparatus for controlling electrons.

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Making the electrode of AL 99, AL 99.9, an even purer aluminum, aluminum, or an aluminum alloy is considered to be obvious variation in design, since it well known in the art to use these material for making an electrode, thus would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to use the material such as AL 99, AL 99.9, a purer aluminum, or an aluminum alloy for making an electrode in the Seki et al. (6,043,499) apparatus for producing secondary electrons.

Using the electrode having at least 100, 500 or 1000 openings, or the wire mesh having at least 100 holes or meshes is also considered to be obvious variation in design, since the number openings of the electrode or wire mesh are used to make the electron beam to be greater area, thus would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to use the electrode having at least 100, 500 or 1000 openings, or the wire mesh having at least 100 holes or meshes in the Seki et al. (6,043,499) apparatus for neutralizing the ion beam or the semiconductor substrate.

Arranging the primary electrode parallel to a propagation direction of the ion beam is considered to be obvious variation in design, since it is well known in the art to arrange the electrode parallel to a propagation direction of the ion beam as disclosed in the Fuzishita et al (4,916,311), thus would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to arrange the primary electrode parallel to a propagation direction of the ion beam in the Seki et al. (6,043,499) apparatus for neutralizing the ion beam or the semiconductor substrate.

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Claims 9, 13, 18, 25-26, 40, 44 and 49 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Reasons for indicating allowable subject matter

The prior art fails to disclose an apparatus for producing secondary electrons, which includes an angle of the aperture direction defined by $\tan (90^{\circ} - w) = d/b$ as recited in claims 9 and 40; at least one of a plurality of aperture openings being at a different inclination angle than another one of the plurality of aperture openings as recited in claims 13 and 44; a secondary electrode having a mean surface roughness of between 5 and 8 μ m as recited in claims 18 and 49; or an acceleration electrode having a mean surface roughness of less than that of the secondary electrode as recited in claim 25.

Applicant's arguments filed on 04-02-2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive in view of the foregoing reasons.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

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shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to

applicant's disclosure.

1) Fuzishita et al (4,916,311) discloses a neutralizer for an ion implantation

apparatus.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Kiet T. Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-272-

2479. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8-6.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding

is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

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